

Worksheet 3: Percent Increases

| Name: | Date: |
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| | |
| When we increase a quantity by a | percent of the quantity, we are starting with 100% of the quantity. |
| | y 5% is the same as taking 100% + 5% = 105% of the quantity y 35% is the same as taking 100% + 35% = 135% of the quantity |
| Increasing a quantity ! | by N% is the same as taking (100 + N)% of the quantity |
| Directions: Answer each of the f | following questions. Show all work for full credit. |
| • • | est rate of 7% annually. How much will you have after one this: What's 7% more than \$1000? |
| 2. What's 14% more than \$45? | |
| • | nat earns 1.2% interest each year. She deposits \$5,000. What .000 by to calculate how much money she will have after one |
| | oney into an investment for one year. At the end of that year she initially deposited. What was the annual interest rate of |

Interest and Percent Growth



- 5. Tamika invested \$5,000. When she withdrew her money, the investment was worth \$6,150.
 - a. By what percent did her investment increase?
 - b. Assuming she invested for one year, what was her interest rate?
- **6.** John borrowed \$859 from his good friend Susan to buy a suit for the first day at his new job. Susan agreed to lend the money **if** he paid her back 30% more than she lent him.**
 - a. In dollars, how much does John owe Susan?
 - b. What percent of the original amount borrowed does John owe Susan?
- **7.** Nora was shopping for investment opportunities and found one advertising that if you invest with them for one year, you will increase your money by 30%.**
 - a. What is the interest rate for this investment opportunity?
 - b. How much money will Nora earn if she invests \$4500?
- **8.** Charlie is confused. In #6, 30% represented one number and in #7, 30% represented a different number. Does this mean he made a mistake? Shouldn't 30% always equal 30%?