

Answer Key Worksheet 4: Percent Decreases

When we decrease a number by a percent, we are starting with 100%.

Example 1: Decreasing a quantity by 5% is the same as taking 100% – 5% = 95% of the quantity Example 2: Decreasing a quantity by 35% is the same as taking 100% – 35% = 65% of the quantity

Decreasing a quantity by N% is the same as taking (100 - N)% of the quantity

Directions: Answer each of the following questions. Show all work for full credit.

1. If an investment is worth 73% of what it was worth a year ago, by what percent did the investment decrease?

100 - 73 = 27

- 2. Nora finds an investment opportunity boasting that if you invest with them for one year, you will increase your money by 30%. She invested \$4,500. Unfortunately, it wasn't true and after investing, Nora *lost* 30% of her money.
 - a. What is 30% of \$4,500?

4500 x 0.3 = 1350

b. How much money would Nora have if the investment had increased by 30%?

4500 + 1350 = 5850 *or* 4500 x 1.3 = 5850

c. How much money will Nora have left after *losing* 30% of her principal? *Another way of saying this: What is \$4500 decreased by 30%?*

4500 - 1350 = 3150 or 4500 x 0.7 = 3150



1

Interest and Percent Growth



- a. What is 100% decreased by 12%?
 100 12 = 88
 - b. What is 50 decreased by 12%

50 x 0.88 = 44

c. What is 88% of 50?

50 x 0.88 = 44

a. What is 100% decreased by 74%?
100 - 74 = 26
b. What is 50 decreased by 74%

50 x 0.26 = 13

c. What is 26% of 50?

50 x 0.26 = 13

5. Juan invests \$2,333. Unfortunately, his investment decreases by 15%.

a. How much money did Juan lose?

2333 x 0.15 = 349.95

b. What percent of his principal does he still have after losing 15%?

<mark>85</mark>%

6. Chantel had \$20,000 in 2017 and at the start of 2018 she only had \$17,400. By what percent did her money decrease?

17400/20000 = 0.87 → 100 - 87 = 13

- 7. Jack and Jill went shopping together. They both LOVED the same "Personal Finance is Fun!" t-shirt. The shirt costs \$20. Fortunately, there was a sale that day and the salesperson was able to give Jill 15% off the price of the t-shirt (he decreased the price of her shirt by 15%). A week later Jack went back to buy the same shirt for himself, not only was the shirt no longer on sale, but the original price had been increased by 15%.
 - a. How much did Jill pay for her shirt?

 $20 \times 0.85 = 17$ or $20 \times 0.15 = 3 \rightarrow 20 - 3 = 17$

b. How much did Jack pay for his shirt?

 $20 \times 1.15 = 23$ or $20 \times 0.15 = 3 \rightarrow 20 + 3 = 23$

c. How are the two above questions related? Write a note explaining your thinking to Jack, who can answer part A but cannot answer part B. Jack thinks these two problems are entirely different problems. In your note explain how the two problems are very similar.

Both of these problems involve a 15% change in the original price. A involves a 15% increase and B involves a 15% decrease in the original amount of the price.

